

Physics of Sustainability

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Until about two centuries ago, before the industrial revolution was powered by fossil fuels, we lived on this planet supported by the energy resources of the sun. Within another century or so we may have to return to the sun as our principal source of energy. Can we do that, while supporting continued improvement in our standard of living? In a recent international poll 71% thought their country "could almost entirely replace coal and nuclear energy within 20 years by becoming highly energyefficient and focusing on generating energy from the Sun and wind". Unfortunately, this optimism is not justified by the state of current technologies, either in terms of their efficiency or their cost. However, a review of the fundamental principles suggests that there are modest grounds for optimism in the long term, as a long host of inventions can be brought to fruition. This talk will take a physicist's perspective on some of the energy and sustainability challenges faced by the planet. I will stress the need for thinking using robust principles to guide the investigation. To the extent that technology rather than conservation can play a role, efficient and low-cost materials technologies for energy capture, storage, transmission, and use will be key. Can we rely on iterative improvements in what we have now, or do we need breakthroughs? If we are to have such breakthroughs, what is possible within the constraints of fundamental physical laws? How much headroom is there for new technologies?

Peter Littlewood is a former Laboratory Director of Argonne National Laboratory, whose mission includes inventing new energy technologies for the nation. He is a physicist who formerly directed the University of Cambridge's Cavendish Laboratory, is a fellow of the Royal Society of London, and a Professor at the University of Chicago.

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