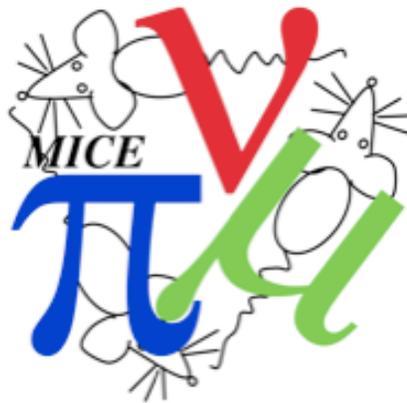


The MTA Experimental Plan

J. Norem
Argonne

MuCool Meeting
Jan. 7, '05

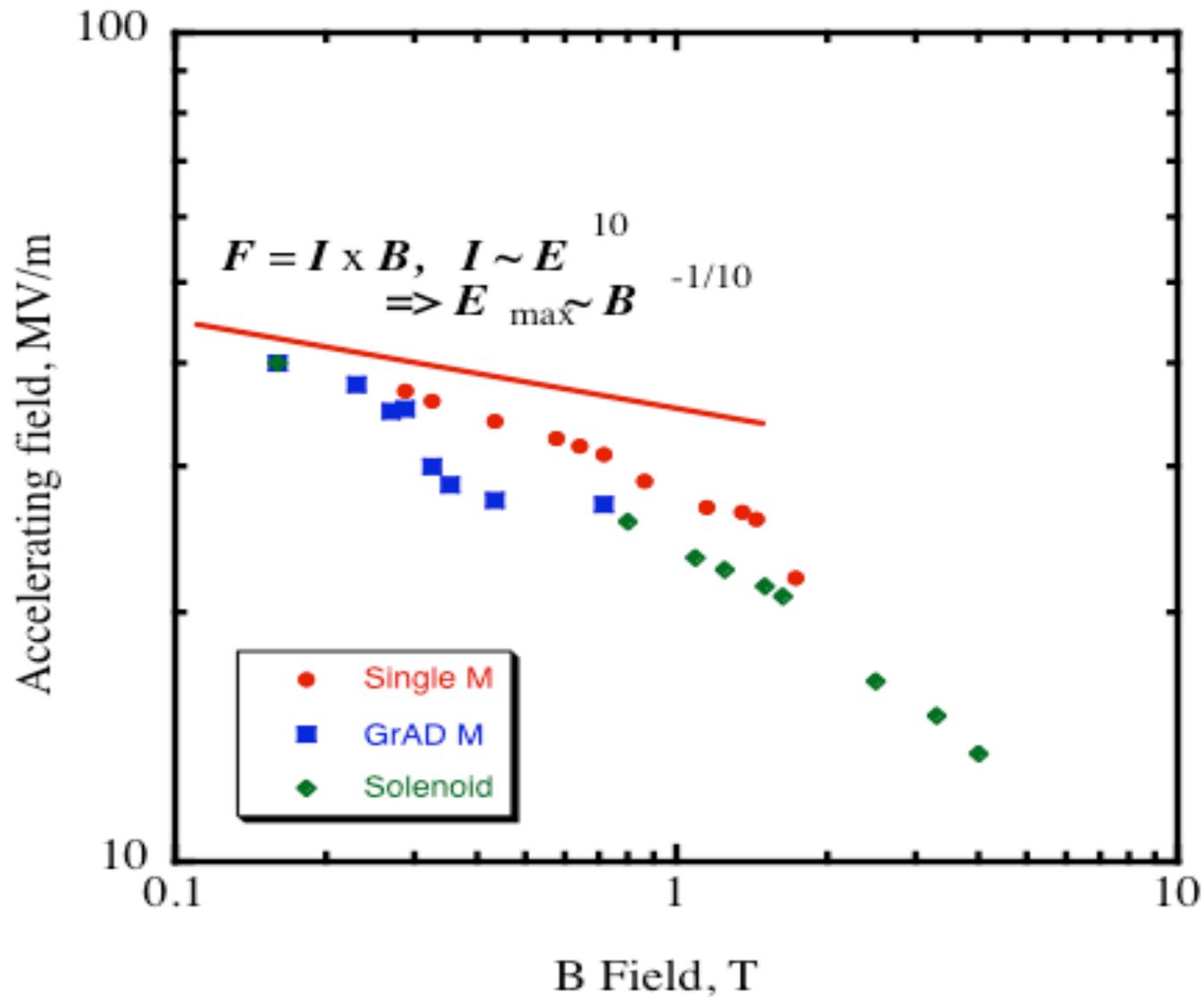


MICE and the Muon Collaboration need to know:

- Can we operate reliably at 8 - 15 MV/m with a ~ 5 T field ?
- Can we reduce field emission backgrounds with high work function materials ?
- Will coatings of these materials stick to the copper ?
- Can they be applied to a large, expensive (and fragile) cavity ?
- Can we defeat the magnetic field effects by reducing field emission ?

- Will high intensity beams change things ?
- Can high pressure gas reduce breakdown ?
- Can Materials Science techniques reduce breakdown ?

Understanding magnetic effects may be the highest priority.



Magnetic Fields: the "Moretti Effect"

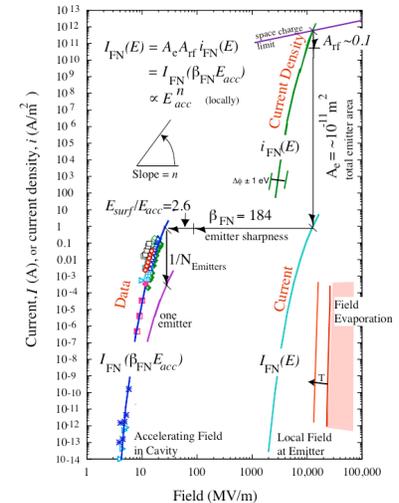
- The current densities produced by emitters are enormous.

Lab G data showed that emitters produce:

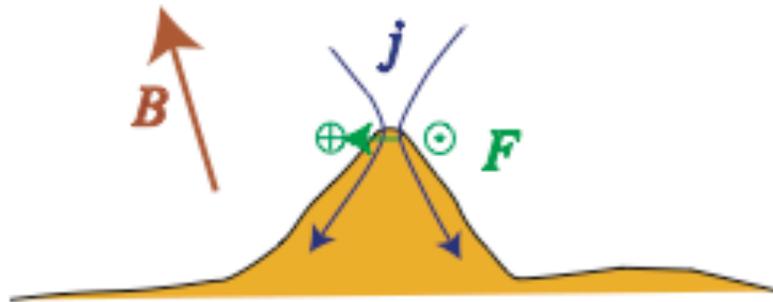
0.1 mA currents

$10^{10} - 10^{11} \text{ A/m}^2$ current densities

These are produced in sharp impacts a few 100 ps long.



- Geometry requires that currents flow in a variety of different directions in emitters.



- We are already within a factor of ~two of where we want to run, and we should be able to reduce the field emission currents by a large factor.
- We have to prove this.

The Muon Collaboration rf program

Experimental

- Muon Test Area at Fermilab
Tests of cavities at 805 and 201 MHz with magnetic field
- Atom probe experiments at Northwestern
Materials studies relevant to Muon cooling, breakdown and SCRF

Modeling

- Model breakdown process, at Argonne.

Muon Test Area Experimental Program

- 805 MHz cavity
 - Curved windows (the flat ones were unstable)
 - Button tests of different materials (damage in different materials)
 - Magnetic field studies (we need to operate at 5T)
 - High pressure cavities (high pressures may be good)
- 201 MHz cavity
 - Conditioning and breakdown studies (needed for MICE)
 - Magnetic field studies (Can we reach 16 MV/m?)
- Surface modification and control (Can we do better?)

RF in the MTA: the plan

- Document underway (last edit Dec 21, 8 pages so far)
Drafts are circulating, things change.
- Loose ends:
 - Gridded window
 - NAI detector
 - How close to mount the cavities
 - Windows on the 201 MHz vacuum plate
 - Quench safety with the 201 MHz cavity
 - Do they still make Polaroid Film?
 - Status of mounts, windows, controls. etc.
 - Interfacing with Muons Inc.
- Final operating priorities
- Need to schedule Rickard Sandstrom for a productive visit.

The Surface Studies Program at Northwestern: next week

- Modifying a 3DAP to systematically study coatings.
- Construction underway
- Some results expected for PAC'05 in May.
- Collaboration with Linear Collider SCRF R&D group at Fermilab.
- Talk by David Seidman Jan 13, after our MC Meeting.
- Meeting will be a new day to accommodate Seidman, Seminar, and SCRF

Jan 13, Thursday 1:30

Modeling of Breakdown, at Argonne, to be announced

- We have a new paper

PHYSICAL REVIEW SPECIAL TOPICS - ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 7, 122001 (2004)

New mechanism of cluster-field evaporation in rf breakdown

Z. Insepov, J. H. Norem, and A. Hassanein

Argonne National Laboratory, 9700 South Cass Avenue, Argonne, Illinois 60439, USA

(Received 26 April 2004; published 22 December 2004)

... but little funding.

Experiments and schedule

- Experiments

 - Measure background rates during conditioning with B field

 - Quantify damage

 - Measure Production distribution of dark current

 - Study Different materials

- Geometries

 - 805 MHz pillbox

 - Aluminum grid ??

 - Be windows

 - Sample insertion

 - 201 MHz pillbox

 - High pressure cavity

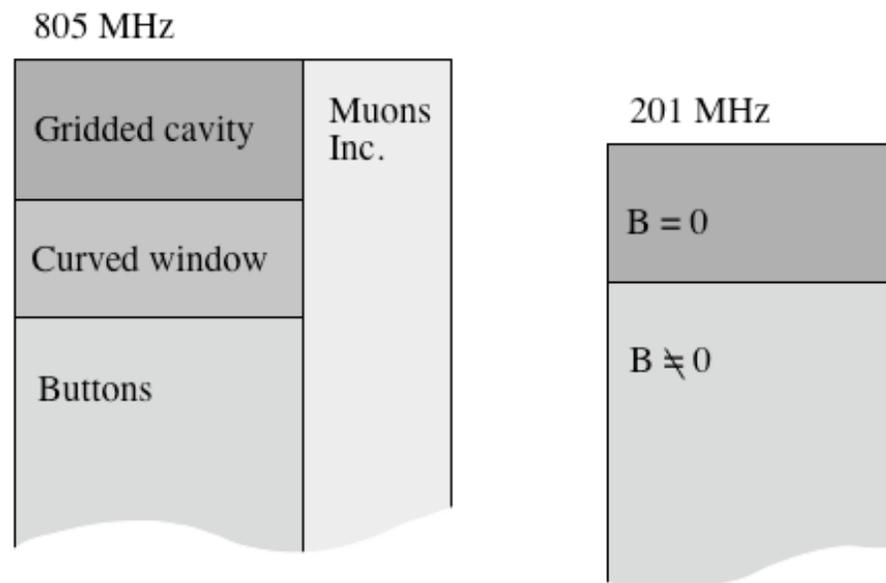
 - (Open Cell cavity ?)

- Schedule at right.

 - Starts around Mar 1

 - Moves at a deliberate pace.

Schedule



Summary

- The main outlines of the MTA program are defined.
- We need to settle a few details.
- Materials science and modeling will be discussed later.